Brief Outline of Member States Work and Contributions

- Canada formed and (continues to chair) the Friends of 1325 Group in 2001—there are currently 43 members;
- DRC hosted the Subregional Conference on the Protection of Women and Children in Armed Conflict in Central Africa in Kinshasa from 14-16 November 2001 (see S/2001/1155);
- Chile and Denmark hosted a biregional conference on the role of women in peacekeeping operations in Santiago from 4-5 November 2002 (see S/2002/1408);
- Jordan, South Africa, Sweden and the UK co-chaired a Conference on Gender Justice in Post-Conflict Situations organised by UNIFEM and the International Legal Assistance Consortium (ILAC) in New York from 15-17 September 2004 (see S/2004/862);
- Sweden held a high-level meeting on ‘Building partnerships for promoting gender justice in post-conflict societies’ in cooperation with UNIFEM and ILAC in Stockholm from 25-26 August 2005 (see S/2005/669);

- Sweden co-hosted with Liberia a High-Level meeting on ‘Gender Justice in Liberia: the way forward’ in Monrovia from 9-10 October 2006 (see S/2006/848);
- South Africa hosted the Africa Regional Meeting on Gender Justice in Cape Town on 21-23 March 2007 (see S/2007/607);
- The UK hosted a Wilton Park conference on the theme ‘Women targeted or affected by armed conflict: what role for military peacekeepers?’ organised by UNIFEM, UN Action and DPKO with the assistance of the UK and Canada from 27-29 May 2008 (see S/2008/402);
- Switzerland and Liechtenstein have supported a range of advocacy initiatives of the NGO Working Group and the Women’s International League for Peace and Freedom (WILPF or PeaceWomen); and
- 16 countries have announced National Action Plans to implement resolution 1325.