Security Council
Sixty-fifth year

6415th meeting
Wednesday, 3 November 2010, 10 a.m.
New York

President: Sir Mark Lyall Grant ........................................... (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)

Members:
Austria ........................................... Mr. Lutterotti
Bosnia and Herzegovina ........................... Mr. Barbalić
Brazil ........................................... Mr. Moretti
China ........................................... Mr. Wang Min
France ........................................... Mr. Araud
Gabon ........................................... Ms. Onanga Ndiaye
Japan ........................................... Ms. Okai
Lebanon ........................................ Mr. Salam
Mexico ........................................ Mr. Puente
Nigeria ........................................ Mr. Onemola
Russian Federation ............................... Mr. Dolgov
Turkey ........................................ Ms. Dinç
Uganda ........................................ Mr. Rugunda
United States of America ....................... Ms. Anderson

Agenda

The situation in Côte d’Ivoire

Progress report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Operation in Côte d’Ivoire (S/2010/537)
The meeting was called to order at 10.05 a.m.

Expression of thanks to the retiring President

The President: As this is the first meeting of the Security Council under the British presidency for November, I should like to take this opportunity to pay tribute, on behalf of the Security Council, to His Excellency Mr. Ruhakana Rugunda and to the Ugandan delegation for their service as President of the Security Council for the month of October. I am sure I speak on behalf of all members of the Council in thanking Ambassador Rugunda for his excellent stewardship of the Council in what was a very busy and important month.

Adoption of the agenda

The agenda was adopted.

The situation in Côte d’Ivoire

Progress report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Operation in Côte d’Ivoire (S/2010/537)

The President: I should like to inform the Council that I have received a letter from the representative of Côte d’Ivoire, in which he requests to be invited to participate in the consideration of the item on the Council’s agenda. In accordance with the usual practice, I propose, with the consent of the Council, to invite that representative to participate in the consideration of the item without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council’s provisional rules of procedure.

There being no objection, it is so decided.

At the invitation of the President, Mr. N’Gbichi (Côte d’Ivoire) took a seat at the Council table.

The President: In accordance with the understanding reached in the Council’s prior consultations, I shall take it that the Security Council agrees to extend an invitation under rule 39 of its provisional rules of procedure to Mr. Choi Young-Jin, Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Côte d’Ivoire and head of the United Nations Operation in Côte d’Ivoire.

It is so decided.
and no major human rights violation was recorded, which is impressive given that reunification is yet to be realized. The Ivorian people rose to the occasion, showing the international community their political maturity and determination to put an end to the crisis.

According to the electoral timetable published by the Independent Electoral Commission, the provisional result of the election is to be announced today but is yet to materialize. Here in Côte d’Ivoire, people are eagerly awaiting the result of the election. Beginning on the evening of 2 November, the Independent Electoral Commission began announcing partial preliminary results. As of this morning, more than 2.5 million voters had been publicly counted by the Independent Electoral Commission.

The United Nations Operation in Côte d’Ivoire (UNOCI) has provided and continues to provide technical and logistical support to the Independent Electoral Commission, including the transport of the crucial voting reports to the central Independent Electoral Commission in Abidjan.

The final result of the election is planned to be proclaimed by the Constitutional Council by 10 November. Should no candidate receive a majority of votes in the first round, a second round will be necessary. According to the current electoral timetable, electoral campaigning for the second round would begin on 12 November, and the second round of the presidential election would be held on 28 November.

The President: I thank Mr. Choi for his briefing.

There are no further speakers on my list. In accordance with the understanding reached in the Council’s prior consultations, I now invite Council members to informal consultations to continue our discussion on the subject.

The meeting rose at 10.15 a.m.