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This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.
Democratic Republic of the Congo – SG reports on MONUSCO
Para.43: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the implementation of MONUSCO’s mandate, including its Intervention Brigade, as set out in this resolution, including on:
(i) The situation on the ground, including updates on operations to neutralize armed groups and any instances where the Mission’s protection of civilians obligations are not fully met, as well as sexual violence and the impact of conflict on women and children;
(ii) Progress in the implementation of the recommendations of the strategic review, notably the measures taken to transform MONUSCO’s Force, including its Intervention Brigade, to become more efficient and effective in implementing its mandate;
(iii) Progress made by the DRC in the implementation of its commitments under the PSC Framework, including through the establishment and implementation of a national security sector reform roadmap, its provincial stabilisation plan supported by the ISSSS and on the implementation of the DDR and DDRRR plans;
(iv) An assessment of the outcomes of the strategic dialogue with the Congolese authorities on the exit strategy of MONUSCO, including in his September 2015 report recommendations on MONUSCO’s reconfiguration and gradual drawdown, including its Intervention Brigade, in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 6 above;
(v) Progress made by the Government of the DRC on the electoral process, including on the provisions of paragraphs 19, 20, and 21 above;
(vi) The risks and their implications for the safety and the security for the United Nations personnel and facilities as a result of the possible military operations as well as measures taken to strengthen their security and mitigate risks;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – SG reports on implementation of the commitments under the PSC Framework
Para.44: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council every six months, in coordination with the United Nations Special Envoy for the Great Lakes region and the United Nations Special Representative for the DRC on the implementation of the commitments under the PSC Framework;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September.

Guinea-Bissau – Sanctions: SC to review sanctions measures
Resolution 2203 (2015) of 18 February 2015
Para.19: Decides to review the sanctions measures established pursuant to resolution 2048 (2012) seven months from the adoption of this resolution;
Liberia – UNMIL mandate and SG report
Resolution 2190 (2014) of 15 December 2014
Para.9: Decides to extend the mandate of UNMIL until 30 September 2015;

The mandate of UNMIL will expire on 30 September 2015.

A meeting between the Security Council and the troop-contributing countries will take place before the expiry of the UNMIL mandate.

Para.22: Requests the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed of the situation in Liberia and the implementation of the mandate of UNMIL and to provide to it a midterm report no later than 30 April 2015 and a final report no later than 15 August 2015 on the situation on the ground and implementation of this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 13 August 2015 (S/2015/620) is before the Security Council.

Liberia – Sanctions: Measures on travel and measures on arms
Resolution 2188 (2014) of 9 December 2014
Para.2: Decides for a period of nine months from the date of adoption of this resolution:
(a) To renew the measures on travel imposed by paragraph 4 of resolution 1521 (2003);
(b) To renew the measures on arms, previously imposed by paragraph 2 of resolution 1521 (2003) and modified by paragraphs 1 and 2 of resolution 1683 (2006), by paragraph 1 (b) of resolution 1731 (2006), by paragraphs 3, 4, 5 and 6 of resolution 1903 (2009), by paragraph 3 of resolution 1961 (2010), and by paragraph 2 (b) of resolution 2128 (2013);

Libya – UNSMIL mandate
Resolution 2213 (2015) of 27 March 2015
Para.9: Decides to extend the mandate of the United Nations Support Mission in Libya (UNSMIL) until 15 September 2015 under the leadership of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, and decides further that the mandate of UNSMIL as an integrated special political mission, in full accordance with the principles of national ownership, shall focus, as an immediate priority, on support to the Libyan political process and security arrangements, through mediation and good offices, and further, within operational and security constraints, shall undertake:
(a) human rights monitoring and reporting;
(b) support for securing uncontrolled arms and related materiel and countering its proliferation;
(c) support to key Libyan institutions;
(d) support, on request, for the provision of essential services, and delivery of humanitarian assistance and in accordance with humanitarian principles;
(e) support for the coordination of international assistance;

The mandate of UNSMIL will expire on 15 September 2015.

Mali – SG reports on MINUSMA
Resolution 2227 (2015) of 29 June 2015
Para.35: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council every three months after the adoption of this resolution on the implementation of this resolution, focusing on the progress in
the implementation of the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali and on MINUSMA’s efforts to support it;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September.

**Mali – Report by France on implementation of mandate to support MINUSMA**

Resolution 2227 (2015) of 29 June 2015

Para.27: Authorizes French forces, within the limits of their capacities and areas of deployment, to use all necessary means until the end of MINUSMA’s mandate as authorized in this resolution, to intervene in support of elements of MINUSMA when under imminent and serious threat upon request of the Secretary-General, and requests France to report to the Council on the implementation of this mandate in Mali and to coordinate its reporting with the reporting by the Secretary-General referred to in paragraph 35 below;

**Somalia – UNSOM: SG reports on the implementation of resolution 2232 (2015)**


Para.35: Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council regularly informed on the implementation of this resolution, including through oral updates and no fewer than three written reports, with the first written report by 12 September, and every 120 days thereafter;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 12 September 2015.

**Somalia – Strategic review of UNSOA**


Para.13: Requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with all stakeholders, to carry out a strategic review of UNSOA, including a thorough review of support provided to AMISOM by all partners, and set out a wide range of options on how to improve overall support to AMISOM, in the context of the efficiency surge outlined in paragraph 6, including through making improvements to the performance, management, and structures of UNSOA, bearing in mind the imperative of responsible cost control and taking into account the availability of resources, and further requests the Secretary-General to present these options to the Council by no later than 30 September 2015;

The Secretary-General is expected to present the options no later than 30 September 2015.

**Somalia – SG to provide further details for implementation and delivery of support for the Somali police force**


Para.19: Welcomes efforts to develop a realistic police plan linked with medium-term rule of law programmes and in line with the federal vision, taking into account existing plans for the development of the Somali National Police Force, and emphasizes the importance of substantially contributing to the development and sustenance of the regional police forces, while continuing police initiatives in Mogadishu, welcomes the FGS’ initial draft ‘Heegan’ plan for the police and looks forward to its finalisation by the end of October 2015, and in this regard takes note of the recommendation of the Secretary-General to establish a non-lethal support package for the Somali police force, further stresses that an appropriate UN trust fund or voluntary funding arrangement should be used to fund such support if authorised by the Security Council, requests further details from the Secretary-General for implementation and delivery of such support by 30 September 2015,
and underlines that such support should be provided in accordance with the human rights due diligence policy on UN support to non-United Nations forces (HRDDP);

The Secretary-General is expected to provide the further details by 30 September 2015.

Somalia – SG to explore feasibility of implementing the recommendation to extend the SNA support package and report to SC
Para.20: Expresses concern over the increasing activities of Al Shabaab in Puntland and the security implications of the situation in Yemen for Somalia, takes note of the recommendation of the Secretary-General to extend the SNA non-lethal support package authorized in paragraph 14 of resolution 2124 (2013) to 3,000 Puntland forces on an exceptional basis upon completion of their integration process and inclusion into the Guulwade (Victory) Plan, recalls the criteria established in paragraph 14 of resolution 2124 (2014) with respect to the provision of non-lethal logistical support to the SNA, recalls UNSOA’s mandate, and underlines its current areas of operations and limitations to its capacity, requests the Secretary-General to explore the feasibility of implementing this recommendation, and to report to the Council by no later than 30 September 2015;

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Council no later than 30 September 2015.

Somalia – AU written reports on implementation of AMISOM mandate
Resolution 2093 (2013) of 6 March 2013
Para.8: Requests the AU to keep the Security Council regularly informed on the implementation of AMISOM’s mandate through the provision of written reports to the Secretary-General every 90 days after the adoption of this resolution.

Somalia – Sanctions: Somalia/Eritrea Monitoring Group 2 final reports
Resolution 2182 (2014) of 24 October 2014
Para.47: Requests the Monitoring Group to submit, for the Security Council’s consideration, through the Committee, two final reports; one focusing on Somalia, the other on Eritrea, covering all the tasks set out in paragraph 13 of resolution 2060 (2012) and updated in paragraph 41 of resolution 2093 (2013), not later than 30 September 2015;

The final reports of the of the Somalia / Eritrea Monitoring Group is expected to submit the final reports not later than 30 September 2015.

Somalia – Sanctions: Somali Government reports to SC
Resolution 2182 (2014) of 24 October 2014
Para.9: Urges the FGS to implement fully all its requirements as set out in this and other relevant Security Council resolutions, and requests the FGS to report to the Security Council by 30 March 2015, and then by 30 September 2015 on:
(a) The current structure of the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia;
(b) The infrastructure in place to ensure the safe storage, registration, maintenance and distribution of military equipment by the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia;
(c) The procedures and codes of conduct in place for the registration, distribution, use and storage of weapons by the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia, and on training needs in this regard;
**Sudan – SG reports on UNAMID**
Resolution 2228 (2015) of 29 June 2015
Para.28: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every 90 days following adoption of this resolution on UNAMID, including:
(i) information on the political, humanitarian and security situation in Darfur, including detailed reporting on incidents of violence and attacks against civilians, by whomsoever perpetrated;
(ii) information on violations of the Status of Forces Agreement, including those involving attacks or threats of attack on UNAMID, as well as violations of international humanitarian law perpetrated by any party to the conflict;
(iii) developments and progress towards achievement of UNAMID’s strategic priorities and benchmarks;
(iv) developments and progress in addressing the challenges facing UNAMID as identified in the review of UNAMID;
(v) and on the implementation of this resolution;
The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September 2015.

**Sudan/South Sudan – SG to inform SC on status of compliance with resolution 2046 (2012)**
Resolution 2046 (2012) of 2 May 2012
Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to consult with the African Union on the implementation of this resolution and the decisions of the AU PSC, to work closely with the AUHIP in support of its facilitation efforts, and to inform the Security Council within 15 days and in two week intervals thereafter on the status of compliance by Sudan, South Sudan, and the SPLM-N with the decisions set forth in this resolution, and expresses its intention, in the event that any or all of the parties have not complied with the decisions set forth in this resolution, to take appropriate additional measures under Article 41 of the Charter as necessary.

**Note by the PSC of 11 November 2013 (S/2013/657)**
Following consultations among the members of the Security Council, it has been agreed that issues pertaining to the Sudan and South Sudan, including the African Union/United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID), the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA), the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) and Council resolution 2046 (2012), will, as from 11 November 2013, be considered under the agenda item entitled “Reports of the Secretary-General on the Sudan and South Sudan”. In addition, members of the Security Council agreed to amend the reporting period established in paragraph 6 of resolution 2046 (2012) to one-month intervals.

**Note by the PSC of 21 August 2014 (S/2014/613)**
Following consultations among the members of the Security Council, it has been agreed to amend the reporting period established in paragraph 6 of resolution 2046 (2012) and subsequently amended in a note by the President of the Security Council (S/2013/657) to three-month intervals.
The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in September 2015.

**Sudan/South Sudan – SG reports on UNISFA**
Para.27: Requests the Secretary-General to continue to inform the Council of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate in two written reports, no later than 15 September 2015 and 15
November 2015 respectively, and continue to bring to the Council’s immediate attention any serious violations of the above referenced Agreements, including on fulfilment of the conditions set out in paragraph 7 of this resolution regarding the JBVMM;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued no later than 15 September 2015.

AMERICAS

Haiti – SG report on MINUSTAH
Resolution 2180 (2014) of 14 October 2014
Para.28: Requests the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed, and to report to the Council on the implementation of MINUSTAH’s mandate, semi-annually and not later than forty-five days prior to its expiration;

The report from the Secretary-General dated 26 August 2015 (S/2015/667) is before the Security Council.

ASIA/MIDDLE EAST

Afghanistan – SG reports on UNAMA and SG examination of role, structure and activities of all UN entities
Resolution 2210 (2015) of 16 March 2015
Para.47: Requests that the Secretary-General reports to the Council every three months on developments in Afghanistan, and to include in his reports an evaluation of progress made against the benchmarks for measuring and tracking progress in the implementation of UNAMA’s mandate, including at the subnational level, and priorities as set out in this resolution;

Para.48: Further requests that the Secretary-General initiate a process to conduct within six months of the renewal of this mandate, a full examination of the role, structure and activities of all United Nations entities in Afghanistan, in full consultation and engagement with the Government of Afghanistan and key stakeholders, including the donor community, in light of the completion of transition and the beginning of the Transformation Decade and in accordance with the principles of Afghan national sovereignty, national leadership and national ownership;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September 2015.

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question
Resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000
Para.7: Invites the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Security Council informed.

Middle East (Syria) – OPCW report to SC (through SG) on implementation of resolution 2118 (2013)
Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013
Para.12: Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General,
who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.

The letter from the Secretary-General dated 26 August 2015 (S/2015/668) is before the Security Council.

**Middle East (Syria) – SG recommendations regarding OPCW-UN Joint Investigative Mechanism**

**Resolution 2235 (2015) of 7 August 2015**

Para.5: Requests the UN Secretary-General, in coordination with the OPCW Director-General, to submit to the Security Council, for its authorisation, within 20 days of the adoption of this resolution, recommendations, including elements of Terms of Reference, regarding the establishment and operation of an OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism to identify to the greatest extent feasible individuals, entities, groups, or governments who were perpetrators, organisers, sponsors or otherwise involved in the use of chemicals as weapons, including chlorine or any other toxic chemical, in the Syrian Arab Republic where the OPCW FFM determines or has determined that a specific incident in the Syrian Arab Republic involved or likely involved the use of chemicals as weapons, including chlorine or any other toxic chemical, and expresses its intent to respond to the recommendations, including elements of Terms of Reference, within five days of receipt;

The letter from the Secretary-General dated 27 August 2015 (S/2015/669) is before the Security Council.

**Middle East (Syria) – Implementation of resolutions 2139 (2014), 2165 (2014) and 2191 (2014)**

**Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014**

Para.17: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;

**Resolution 2191 (2014) of 17 December 2014**

Para.5: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, and on compliance by all parties to the Syrian domestic conflict, within the framework of its reporting on resolutions 2139 (2014) and 2165 (2014);

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September 2015.

**Middle East (UNDOF) – SG reports on UNDOF**

**Resolution 2229 (2015) of 29 June 2015**

Para.8: Requests the Secretary-General to report every 90 days on developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973).

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in September 2015.
Non-proliferation (Iran) – 1737 Committee reports
Para.18: Decides to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council, to undertake the following tasks:
(h) to report at least every 90 days to the Security Council on its work and on the implementation of this resolution, with its observations and recommendations, in particular on ways to strengthen the effectiveness of the measures imposed by paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12 above.

The Chair of the 1737 Committee is expected to report to the Council in September 2015.

Non-proliferation/DPRK – Sanctions: Panel of Experts midterm report
Resolution 2207 (2015) of 4 March 2015
Para.2: Requests the Panel of Experts to provide to the Committee no later than 5 August 2015 a midterm report on its work, and further requests that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Panel of Experts submit to the Council its midterm report by 7 September 2015, and requests also a final report to the Committee no later than 5 February 2016 with its findings and recommendations, and further requests that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Panel of Experts submit to the Council its final report no later than 7 March 2016;

The midterm report of the Panel of Experts is expected to be submitted by 7 September 2015.

Conflict prevention: SG report on actions taken to promote and strengthen conflict prevention tools
Resolution 2171 (2014) of 21 August 2014
Para.25: Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report to the Council on actions taken by him to promote and strengthen conflict prevention tools within the United Nations system, including through co-operation with regional and subregional organizations, by August 31, 2015;

PSC letter of 30 July 2015 (S/2015/581)
Second para.: The members of the Council have taken note of the request contained in your letter that the time frame for the issuance of the report be extended, and they look forward to the submission of the report by 30 September 2015.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be submitted by 30 September 2015.

Security Council annual report
Note by the PSC of the Security Council of 26 July 2010 (S/2010/507)
Para.71: The report shall contain an introduction, to be prepared in accordance with the following guidelines:
(a) The draft introduction to the report should continue to be prepared under the leadership and responsibility of the President of the Council for the month of July of each calendar year and should continue to be approved by all current members of the Council and the immediate past elected members who served on the Council during the reporting period covered.

The drafting of the introduction to the annual report is expected to continue during September 2015.
Peacebuilding Commission – GA and SC review
Resolution 1947 (2010) of 29 October 2010
Para.5: Calls for a further comprehensive review five years after the adoption of the present resolution following the procedure as set out in paragraph 27 of resolution 1645 (2005).

Letter from PSC and PGA of 15 December 2014 (S/2014/911)
Fifth para.: In terms of indicative timeline, and taking into account the need to ensure an inclusive and consultative process, the first stage as described in the terms of reference should be completed by the end of June 2015.

The letter from the Chair of the Advisory Group of Experts dated 29 June 2015 (S/2015/490) is before the Council.

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – Oral briefing
S/PRST/2002/41 of 20 December 2002
Last para.: “The Security Council recognizes the importance of a comprehensive, coherent and action-oriented approach to the protection of civilians in armed conflict. It encourages further cooperation between Member States, OCHA, DPA, DPKO, UNHCR, UNRWA, OHCHR, UNDP and other relevant United Nations agencies and offices, bearing also in mind the contents of resolutions 1325 on women, peace and security and 1379 on children in armed conflict; welcomes the regional workshops and encourages Member States to give them their operational and financial support. The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to submit by June 2004 his next report on the protection of civilians in armed conflict, including information on the implementation of Security Council resolutions previously adopted on this subject and any other matter he wishes to bring to the attention of the Council. It also welcomes the oral briefings to be given to the Council every six months, including progress made to further develop the road map concept, as set out in the most recent report by the Secretary-General (S/2002/1300).”

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – SG report
S/PRST/2013/2 of 12 February 2013
Last para.: “The Security Council notes the report of the Secretary-General on protection of civilians in armed conflict of 22 May 2012 S/2012/376 and the recommendations made therein, and requests the Secretary-General to submit his next report, to include an assessment of concrete measures taken by peacekeeping missions to implement their mandates to protect civilians and the impact of those measures, by 15 November 2013 and for reports to be submitted every 18 months thereafter.”

The report of the Secretary-General dated 18 June 2015 (S/2015/453) is before the Security Council.

ICTR – Annual report
Resolution 955 (1994) of 8 November 1994
Para.1: Decides hereby, having received the request of the Government of Rwanda (S/1994/1115), to establish an international tribunal for the sole purpose of prosecuting persons responsible for genocide and other serious violations of international humanitarian law committed in the territory of Rwanda and Rwandan citizens responsible for genocide and other such violations committed in the territory of neighbouring States, between 1 January 1994 and 31 December 1994 and to this end to adopt the Statute of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda annexed hereto;

Annex
**Article 32**

**Annual report**

The President of the International Tribunal for Rwanda shall submit an annual report of the International Tribunal for Rwanda to the Security Council and to the General Assembly.

The letter from the President of the ICTR dated 31 July 2015 (S/2015/577) is before the Security Council.

**ICTY – Annual report**

SG report of 3 May 1993 (S/25704)

E. Annual report

Para.37: The International Tribunal should submit an annual report on its activities to the Security Council and the General Assembly.

Para.138: The corresponding article of the statute would read:

**Article 34**

**Annual Report**

The President of the International Tribunal shall submit an annual report of the International Tribunal to the Security Council and to the General Assembly.

Resolution 827 (1993) of 25 May 1993

Para.2: Decides hereby to establish an international tribunal for the sole purpose of prosecuting persons responsible for serious violations of international humanitarian law committed in the territory of the former Yugoslavia between 1 January 1991 and a date to be determined by the Security Council upon the restoration of peace and to this end to adopt the Statute of the International Tribunal annexed to the above-mentioned report;

The letter from the President of the ICTY dated 31 July 2015 (S/2015/585) is before the Security Council.

**Residual Mechanism – Annual report**


Para. 16: Requests the President of the Mechanism to submit an annual report to the Security Council and to the General Assembly, and the President and the Prosecutor of the Mechanism to submit six-monthly reports to the Security Council on the progress of the work of the Mechanism;

The letter from the President of the Mechanism for International Criminal Tribunals dated 31 July 2015 (S/2015/586) is before the Security Council.

**Terrorism/Cross-border crime: SG report on UN efforts to address the threat of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized crime in affected regions**

Resolution 2195 (2014) of 19 December 2014

Para. 20: Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Council a report on the efforts of the United Nations entities to address the threat of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized crime in affected regions, including Africa, with respect to matters with which the Council is seized, with input from the relevant entities of the United Nations system including the UNODC, CTED, the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team, and other relevant CTITF entities;

Para. 21: Further requests that the report include recommendations of concrete options for strengthening Member States’ capabilities, including financing such proposed UN projects and activities to build capacity with existing resources and contributions in the UN system, as well as UN
activities to reduce the negative impacts of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized crime including those relevant to its conflict resolution efforts with a focus on border security, counter-terrorist financing, and anti-money-laundering, and that the report be submitted to the Council no later than six months from the adoption of this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 21 May 2015 (S/2015/366) is before the Security Council.

**Peacekeeping operations – Report and recommendations on the progress of partnerships between the UN and relevant regional organizations in peacekeeping operations**
Resolution 2167 (2014) of 28 July 2014
Para.28: Requests the Secretary-General, in close consultation with the AU Commission and EU to produce, not later than 31 March 2015, an assessment report and recommendations on the progress of the partnerships between the UN and relevant regional organizations in peacekeeping operations;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 1 April 2015 (S/2015/229) is before the Security Council.

**Cooperation between UN and regional / subregional organizations – Recommendations on enhancing cooperation between the UN and OIC**
Resolution 1809 (2008) of 16 April 2008
Para.17: Requests the Secretary-General to include in his regular reporting to the Security Council, assessments of progress on the cooperation between the United Nations and relevant regional organizations;

S/PRST/2013/12 of 6 August 2013
Last para.: The Council further requests that the Secretary-General includes in his next biannual report to the Security Council and the General Assembly on Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations, recommendations on ways to enhance cooperation between the United Nations and relevant regional and subregional organizations and arrangements.

S/PRST/2013/16 of 28 October 2013
Last para.: “The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to include in his next biannual report to the Security Council and the General Assembly on Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations, recommendations on ways to enhance cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of Islamic Cooperation.”

The report of the Secretary-General dated 4 August 2014 (S/2014/560) is before the Security Council.
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<td>Somalia – piracy</td>
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| Iraq – UNAMI | In October | Resolution 2233 (2015) of 29 July 2015 | “Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities;” Para.7  
“Welcomes the recommendation of the Secretary-General in his latest report (S/2015/530) to revise and prioritize the tasks of UNAMI, requests the Secretary-General, in full consultations with the Government of Iraq, to report back in further detail about such recommendation to the Security Council within the next 90 days;” Para.3 |
| Iraq/Kuwait – missing persons and return of property | In October | Resolution 2107 (2013) of 27 June 2013 | “requests that the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of the United Nations Assistance Mission to Iraq (UNAMI) promote, support and facilitate efforts regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains, and the return of Kuwaiti property, including the national archives, |
seized by Iraq, further requests the Secretary-General to report separately to the Security Council on these matters in his reports on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities;”
Para.4

| Middle East (Syria) – OPCW to report (through SG) on implementation of resolution 2118 (2013) | In October 2015 | Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013 |
| “Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.” |
| Para.12 |

| “Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;” |
| Para.17 of 2139 (2014) |

<p>|  |  | “Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, and on compliance by all parties to the Syrian domestic conflict, within the framework of its reporting on resolutions 2139 (2014) and 2165 (2014);” |
| Para. 5 of 2191 (2014) |</p>
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<td>Middle East</td>
<td>In October</td>
<td>Resolution 1559 (2004) of 2 September 2004 and S/PRST/2004/36 of 19 October 2004</td>
<td>“Requests that the Secretary-General report to the Security Council within thirty days on the implementation by the parties of this resolution and decides to remain actively seized of the matter.” Para. 7 of resolution 1559 (2004)</td>
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<td>Kosovo – UNMIK</td>
<td>In October</td>
<td>Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999</td>
<td>“The Security Council appreciates the Secretary-General’s intention to keep the Council updated. It requests that he continue to report on the implementation of the resolution to the Council every six months.” Last para. of S/PRST/2004/36</td>
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