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This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.
TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 2015

AFRICA

Burundi – SG to report to SC on implementation of resolution 2137 (2014) (until after the 2015 elections)
Resolution 2137 (2014) of 13 February 2014
Para.20: Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed on the benchmarks, the implementation of the mandate of BNUB and this resolution, and the conditions that affect such implementation, as well as on BNUB’s transition to the United Nations Country Team, every 90 days, with a written interim report by the end of July 2014 and a final report by 16 January 2015, and further requests the Secretary-General to report every six months to the Security Council until after the 2015 elections;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in July 2015.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – MONUSCO report
Para.43: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the implementation of MONUSCO’s mandate, including its Intervention Brigade, as set out in this resolution, including on:
(i) The situation on the ground, including updates on operations to neutralize armed groups and any instances where the Mission’s protection of civilians obligations are not fully met, as well as sexual violence and the impact of conflict on women and children;
(ii) Progress in the implementation of the recommendations of the strategic review, notably the measures taken to transform MONUSCO’s Force, including its Intervention Brigade, to become more efficient and effective in implementing its mandate;
(iii) Progress made by the DRC in the implementation of its commitments under the PSC Framework, including through the establishment and implementation of a national security sector reform roadmap, its provincial stabilisation plan supported by the ISSSS and on the implementation of the DDR and DDRRR plans;
(iv) An assessment of the outcomes of the strategic dialogue with the Congolese authorities on the exit strategy of MONUSCO, including in his September 2015 report recommendations on MONUSCO’s reconfiguration and gradual drawdown, including its Intervention Brigade, in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 6 above;
(v) Progress made by the Government of the DRC on the electoral process, including on the provisions of paragraphs 19, 20, and 21 above;
(vi) The risks and their implications for the safety and the security for the United Nations personnel and facilities as a result of the possible military operations as well as measures taken to strengthen their security and mitigate risks;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 26 June 2015 (S/2015/486) is before the Security Council.

Libya – SG reports on the implementation of resolution 2213 (2015)
Resolution 2213 (2015) of 27 March 2015
Para. 27: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution at least every 60 days;

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in July 2015.

**Libya – Sanctions: Committee reports**


Para. 24: Decides to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council (herein “the Committee”), to undertake the following tasks:

(e) To report within thirty days to the Security Council on its work for the first report and thereafter to report as deemed necessary by the Committee.

The Chair of the 1970 Committee is expected to report to the Security Council in July 2015.

**Somalia/Eritrea – Sanctions: 751/1907 Committee reports**


Para. 11: Decides further to expand the mandate of the Committee as set out in resolution 751(1992) to include the following tasks:

(g) to report at least every 120 days to the Security Council on its work and on the implementation of this resolution, with its observations and recommendations, in particular on ways to strengthen the effectiveness of the measures imposed by paragraphs 1, 3 and 7 above.

The Chair of the Committee is expected to report to the Security Council in July 2015.

**Somalia – SG and AU to jointly review impact of temporary surge authorized in resolution 2124 (2013) and set out recommendations on next steps in military campaign**

Resolution 2182 (2014) of 24 October 2014

Para. 24: Recalls the benchmarks for the deployment of a United Nations peacekeeping operation as set out in both the African Union Commission Chairperson’s 11 October 2013 letter and the Secretary-General’s subsequent 14 October 2013 letter to the President of the Security Council, requests that the Secretary-General keep these benchmarks under continuous review in close consultation with the AU, and further requests the Secretary-General and African Union to review jointly the impact of the temporary surge authorized in resolution 2124 (2013) and to set out recommendations on next steps in the military campaign by 30 May 2015, taking into due consideration the political situation in Somalia;

**South Sudan – Sanctions: Panel of Experts updates, SC to review situation**

Resolution 2206 (2015) of 3 March 2015

Para. 18: (d) Provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, an interim report by September 1, 2015, a final report by February 1, 2016, and except in the months when these reports are due, updates each month;

An update from the Panel of Experts is expected to be provided in July 2015.

Para. 21: Expresses its intent to review the situation after the IGAD-agreed deadline of March 5, 2015, and again after the envisioned start of the Pre-Transition Period on April 1, 2015, and at 60-day intervals thereafter or more frequently, as needed, and also expresses its intent to impose any
sanctions that may then be appropriate to respond to the situation, which may include an arms embargo and the designation of senior individuals responsible for actions or policies that threaten the peace, security or stability of South Sudan, so as to encourage the Government of South Sudan and opposition forces to form a transitional government of national unity, take effective and comprehensive steps to cause forces under direct or indirect control to cease military operations, acts of violence, as well as violations of human rights, and enable full access for humanitarian assistance;

The Security Council is expected to review the situation in July 2015.

**Sudan/South Sudan – SG to inform SC on status of compliance with resolution 2046 (2012)**

Resolution 2046 (2012) of 2 May 2012

Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to consult with the African Union on the implementation of this resolution and the decisions of the AU PSC, to work closely with the AUHIP in support of its facilitation efforts, and to inform the Security Council within 15 days and in two week intervals thereafter on the status of compliance by Sudan, South Sudan, and the SPLM-N with the decisions set forth in this resolution, and expresses its intention, in the event that any or all of the parties have not complied with the decisions set forth in this resolution, to take appropriate additional measures under Article 41 of the Charter as necessary.

**Note by the President of 11 November 2013 (S/2013/657)**

Following consultations among the members of the Security Council, it has been agreed that issues pertaining to the Sudan and South Sudan, including the African Union/United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID), the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA), the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) and Council resolution 2046 (2012), will, as from 11 November 2013, be considered under the agenda item entitled “Reports of the Secretary-General on the Sudan and South Sudan”. In addition, members of the Security Council agreed to amend the reporting period established in paragraph 6 of resolution 2046 (2012) to one-month intervals.

**Note by the President of 21 August 2014 (S/2014/613)**

Following consultations among the members of the Security Council, it has been agreed to amend the reporting period established in paragraph 6 of resolution 2046 (2012) and subsequently amended in a note by the President of the Security Council (S/2013/657) to three-month intervals.

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in July 2015.

**Sudan/South Sudan – UNISFA mandate and report**


Para.1: Decides to extend until 15 July 2015 the mandate of the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA) as set out in paragraph 2 of resolution 1990 (2011) and modified by resolution 2024 (2011) and paragraph 1 of resolution 2075 (2012), and acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, further decides to extend until 15 July 2015 the tasks of UNISFA as set out in paragraph 3 of resolution 1990, and determines that for the purposes of paragraph 1 of resolution 2024 (2011), support to the operational activities of the JBVMM shall include support to the Ad Hoc Committees, as appropriate when so requested by consensual decisions of these mechanisms, within UNISFA’s operational area and existing capabilities;

The mandate of UNISFA will expire on 15 July 2015.
Para.27: Requests the Secretary-General to continue to inform the Council of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate in two written reports, no later than 1 May 2015 and 15 June 2015 respectively, and continue to bring to the Council’s immediate attention any serious violations of the above referenced agreements;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 16 June 2015 (S/2015/439) is before the Security Council.

**UN Office for West Africa (UNOWA) – report**
Letter from PSC of 23 December 2013 (S/2013/759)
The members of the Security Council concur with the recommendation contained in your twelfth report on UNOWA (S/2013/732) to extend its mandate for a further period of three years, from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2016. The members of the Council request that you report to the Council every six months on the fulfilment by UNOWA of its mandate.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 24 June 2015 (S/2015/472) is before the Security Council.

**ASIA/MIDDLE EAST**

**Iraq – UNAMI mandate and report**
Resolution 2169 (2014) of 30 July 2014
Para.1: Decides to extend the mandate of the United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI) until 31 July, 2015.

The mandate of UNAMI will expire on 31 July 2015.

Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in July 2015.

**Iraq/Kuwait – missing persons and return of property**
Resolution 2107 (2013) of 27 June 2013
Para.4: requests that the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of the United Nations Assistance Mission to Iraq (UNAMI) promote, support and facilitate efforts regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains, and the return of Kuwaiti property, including the national archives, seized by Iraq, further requests the Secretary-General to report separately to the Security Council on these matters in his reports on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities ;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in July 2015.

**Iraq – reports on UN compensation fund**
Resolution 1956 (2010) of 15 December 2010
Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to provide written reports on an ongoing basis to the council every six months, with the first report due no later than 1 January 2012, about the United Nations compensation fund, evaluating the continued compliance with the provisions of paragraph 21 of resolution 1483 (2003).
The report of the Secretary-General dated 23 June 2015 (S/2015/467) is before the Security Council.

**The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question**

Resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000
Para.7: Invites the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Security Council informed.

Middle East (Lebanon/UNIFIL) – SG reports on implementation of resolution 1701 (2006)
Resolution 2172 (2014) of 26 August 2014
Para.12: Requests the Secretary-General to continue to report to the Council on the implementation of resolution 1701 (2006), every four months, or at any time as he deems appropriate.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 25 June 2015 (S/2015/475) is before the Security Council.

Middle East (Syria) – OPCW report to SC (through SG) on implementation of resolution 2118 (2013)
Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013
Para.12: Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.

The letter from the Secretary-General dated 26 June 2015 (S/2015/485) is before the Security Council.

Middle East (Syria) – Implementation of resolutions 2139 (2014), 2165 (2014) and 2191 (2014)
Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014
Para.17: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;

Resolution 2191 (2014) of 17 December 2014
Para.5: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, and on compliance by all parties to the Syrian domestic conflict, within the framework of its reporting on resolutions 2139 (2014) and 2165 (2014);

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in July 2015.
EUROPE

Cyprus – UNFICYP mandate and SG report on implementation of resolution 2197 (2015)
Resolution 2197 (2015) of 29 January 2015
Para.7: Expresses its full support for UNFICYP and decides to extend its mandate for a further period ending 31 July 2015;

The mandate of UNFICYP will expire on 31 July 2015.

A meeting between the Security Council and the troop-contributing countries will take place before the expiry of the UNFICYP mandate.

Para.11: Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report on implementation of this resolution, including on contingency planning in relation to the settlement, by 10 July 2015 and to keep the Security Council updated on events as necessary;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 10 July 2015.

Cyprus – Briefing on good offices
S/PRST/2008/34 of 4 September 2008
Last para.: “The Security Council welcomes the appointment of Alexander Downer as the Secretary General’s Special Advisor and looks forward to being briefed on the progress of the Good Offices process”.

The Secretary-General is expected to report in July 2015.

UNMIK – SG report
Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999
Para.20: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council at regular intervals on the implementation of this resolution, including reports from the leaderships of the international civil and security presences, the first reports to be submitted within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in July 2015.

OTHER

Al-Qaeda Sanctions – Office of Ombudsperson reports
Resolution 2161 (2014) of 17 June 2014
(Annex II) Para.20: In addition to the tasks specified above, the Ombudsperson shall:
(c) Submit biannual reports summarizing the activities of the Ombudsperson to the Security Council.

The report of the Ombudsperson is expected to be submitted in July 2015.

Security Council annual report
Note by the PSC of the Security Council of 26 July 2010 (S/2010/507)
Para.71: The report shall contain an introduction, to be prepared in accordance with the following guidelines:
The draft introduction to the report should continue to be prepared under the leadership and responsibility of the President of the Council for the month of July of each calendar year and should continue to be approved by all current members of the Council and the immediate past elected members who served on the Council during the reporting period covered.

**ICTY – Term of office of 1 permanent judge**

Resolution 2193 (2014) of 18 December 2014

Para. 3: Decides to extend the term of office of the following permanent judge at the International Tribunal, who is a member of the Appeals Chamber, until 31 July 2015 or until the completion of the cases to which he is assigned, if sooner:
- Patrick Robinson (Jamaica)

The term of office of the judge will expire on 31 July 2015.

**ICTR – Terms of office of 2 permanent judges**

Resolution 2194 (2014) of 18 December 2014

Para. 6: Decides to extend the term of office of the following permanent judges at the International Tribunal, who are members of the Appeals Chamber, until 31 July 2015 or until the completion of the cases to which they are or will be assigned, if sooner:
- Mehmet Güney (Turkey)
- William H. Sekule (United Republic of Tanzania)

The terms of office of the judges will expire on 31 July 2015.

**Investigation of Malaysian Airlines flight MH17 – SG to report to SC on relevant developments**

Resolution 2166 (2014) of 21 July 2014

Para. 13: Welcomes the full cooperation of the United Nations offered by the Secretary-General in this investigation, and requests the Secretary-General to identify possible options for United Nations support to the investigation and to report to the Security Council on relevant developments;

**Peacebuilding Commission – GA and SC review**

Resolution 1947 (2010) of 29 October 2010

Para. 5: Calls for a further comprehensive review five years after the adoption of the present resolution following the procedure as set out in paragraph 27 of resolution 1645 (2005).

Letter from PSC and PGA of 15 December 2014 (S/2014/911)

Fifth para.: In terms of indicative timeline, and taking into account the need to ensure an inclusive and consultative process, the first stage as described in the terms of reference should be completed by the end of June 2015.

The letter from the Chair of the Advisory Group of Experts (S/2015/490) is before the Council.

**Terrorism/Cross-border crime: SG report on UN efforts to address the threat of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized crime in affected regions**

Resolution 2195 (2014) of 19 December 2014

Para. 20: Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Council a report on the efforts of the United Nations entities to address the threat of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized
crime in affected regions, including Africa, with respect to matters with which the Council is seized, with input from the relevant entities of the United Nations system including the UNODC, CTED, the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team, and other relevant CTITF entities; Para. 21: Further requests that the report include recommendations of concrete options for strengthening Member States’ capabilities, including financing such proposed UN projects and activities to build capacity with existing resources and contributions in the UN system, as well as UN activities to reduce the negative impacts of terrorists benefiting from transnational organized crime including those relevant to its conflict resolution efforts with a focus on border security, counter-terrorist financing, and anti-money-laundering, and that the report be submitted to the Council no later than six months from the adoption of this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 21 May 2015 (S/2015/366) is before the Security Council.

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – Oral briefing
S/PRST/2002/41 of 20 December 2002
Last para.: “The Security Council recognizes the importance of a comprehensive, coherent and action-oriented approach to the protection of civilians in armed conflict. It encourages further cooperation between Member States, OCHA, DPA, DPKO, UNHCR, UNRWA, OHCHR, UNDP and other relevant United Nations agencies and offices, bearing also in mind the contents of resolutions 1325 on women, peace and security and 1379 on children in armed conflict; welcomes the regional workshops and encourages Member States to give them their operational and financial support. The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to submit by June 2004 his next report on the protection of civilians in armed conflict, including information on the implementation of Security Council resolutions previously adopted on this subject and any other matter he wishes to bring to the attention of the Council. It also welcomes the oral briefings to be given to the Council every six months, including progress made to further develop the road map concept, as set out in the most recent report by the Secretary-General (S/2002/1300).”

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – SG report
S/PRST/2013/2 of 12 February 2013
Last para.: “The Security Council notes the report of the Secretary-General on protection of civilians in armed conflict of 22 May 2012 S/2012/376 and the recommendations made therein, and requests the Secretary-General to submit his next report, to include an assessment of concrete measures taken by peacekeeping missions to implement their mandates to protect civilians and the impact of those measures, by 15 November 2013 and for reports to be submitted every 18 months thereafter.”

The report of the Secretary-General dated 18 June 2015 (S/2015/453) is before the Security Council.

Peacekeeping operations – Report and recommendations on the progress of partnerships between the UN and relevant regional organizations in peacekeeping operations
Resolution 2167 (2014) of 28 July 2014
Para. 28: Requests the Secretary-General, in close consultation with the AU Commission and EU to produce, not later than 31 March 2015, an assessment report and recommendations on the progress of the partnerships between the UN and relevant regional organizations in peacekeeping operations;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 1 April 2015 (S/2015/229) is before the Security Council.
Cooperation between UN and regional / subregional organizations – Recommendations on enhancing cooperation between the UN and OIC

Resolution 1809 (2008) of 16 April 2008
Para. 17: Requests the Secretary-General to include in his regular reporting to the Security Council, assessments of progress on the cooperation between the United Nations and relevant regional organizations;

S/PRST/2013/12 of 6 August 2013
Last para.: The Council further requests that the Secretary-General includes in his next biannual report to the Security Council and the General Assembly on Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations, recommendations on ways to enhance cooperation between the United Nations and relevant regional and subregional organizations and arrangements.

S/PRST/2013/16 of 28 October 2013
Last para: “The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to include in his next biannual report to the Security Council and the General Assembly on Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations, recommendations on ways to enhance cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of Islamic Cooperation.”

The report of the Secretary-General dated 4 August 2014 (S/2014/560) is before the Security Council.
## SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING EXPIRIES OF MANDATES

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<td>MINUSCA</td>
<td>30 April 2016</td>
<td>2217 (2015) of 28 April 2015</td>
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FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
(August 2015)

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<td>Central African Republic – situation in CAR and MINUSCA</td>
<td>1 August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2217 (2015) of 28 April 2015</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in the CAR and the implementation of the mandate of MINUSCA, to report to the Council, on 1 August 2015, and then every four months from that date and to include in his reports to the Council updates on and recommendations related to the dynamic implementation of MINUSCA’s mandated tasks, including by providing appropriate financial information, information on the security situation, the priority political elements as defined above on political progress, progress on mechanisms and capacity to advance governance and fiscal management, relevant information on the progress, promotion and protection of human rights and international humanitarian law as well as a review of the troop and police levels, force and police generation and deployment of all MINUSCA’s constituent elements;” Para. 52</td>
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<td>Guinea-Bissau - implementation of resolution 2203 (2015)</td>
<td>In August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2203 (2015) of 18 February 2015</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General submit to the Council regular reports every six months on the implementation of this resolution and submit a report within six months to the Committee established pursuant to its resolution 2048 (2012) on the progress made with regards to the stabilization of the country and restoration of constitutional order and recommendations on the continuation of the sanctions regime in the post-election environment, in line with paragraph 12 of resolution 2048 (2012);” Para. 18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Country</td>
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<td>Liberia – UNMIL</td>
<td>15 August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2190 (2015) of 15 December 2014</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed of the situation in Liberia and the implementation of the mandate of UNMIL and to provide to it a midterm report no later than 30 April 2015 and a final report no later than 15 August 2015 on the situation on the ground and implementation of this resolution;” Para. 22</td>
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<td>Libya - implementation of resolution 2213 (2015)</td>
<td>In August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2213 (2015) of 27 March 2015</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution at least every 60 days;” Para. 27</td>
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<td>South Sudan – UNMISS</td>
<td>17 August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2223 (2015) of 28 May 2015</td>
<td>“Requests that the Secretary-General report to the Security Council on the implementation of the UNMISS mandate in two written reports, no later than 17 August 2015 and 30 October 2015 respectively;” Para. 28</td>
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<td>Sudan – UNAMID</td>
<td>In August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2173 (2014) of 27 August 2014</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every 90 days following adoption of this resolution on UNAMID, including: information on the political, humanitarian and security situation in Darfur, including detailed reporting on incidents of violence and attacks against civilians, by whomsoever perpetrated; information on violations of the Status of Forces Agreement, as well as violations of international humanitarian law perpetrated by any party to the conflict; developments and progress towards achievement of UNAMID’s strategic priorities and benchmarks; developments and progress in addressing the challenges facing UNAMID as identified in the review of UNAMID; and on the implementation of this resolution;” Para. 26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Region</td>
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<td>Haiti – MINUSTAH</td>
<td>In August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2180 (2014) of 14 October 2014</td>
<td>“Requests the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed, and to report to the Council on the implementation of MINUSTAH’s mandate, semi-annually and not later than forty-five days prior to its expiration;” Para. 28</td>
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<td>Middle East (Syria) – OPCW</td>
<td>In August 2015</td>
<td>Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013</td>
<td>“Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.” Para. 12</td>
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| Middle East (Syria) – resolutions 2139 (2014), 2165 (2014) and 2191 (2014) | In August 2015 | Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014 and Resolution 2191 (2014) of 17 December 2014 | “Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;” Para.17 of 2139 (2014)  
“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, and on compliance by all parties to the Syrian domestic conflict, within the framework of its reporting on resolutions 2139 (2014) and 2165 (2014);” Para. 5 of 2191 (2014) |
| Conflict prevention – actions taken to promote and strengthen conflict prevention tools | 31 August 2015 | Resolution 2171 (2014) of 21 August 2014 | “Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report to the Council on actions taken by him to promote and strengthen conflict prevention tools within the United Nations system, including through cooperation with regional and subregional organizations, by August 31, 2015;” Para. 25 |