30 June 2006

TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 2006

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 2006

AFRICA

Central African Republic

BONUCA

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 26 September 2001 (S/PRST/2001/25), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council <u>regularly informed</u> of the activities of the United Nations Peace-building Support Office in the Central African Republic (BONUCA) and the situation in the Central African Republic.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 27 June 2006 (S/2006/441) is before the Security Council.

Côte d'Ivoire

UNOCI

By paragraph 17 of its resolution 1603 (2005) of 3 June 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed of the developments of the situation in Côte d'Ivoire, the implementation of the mandate of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire (UNOCI) and of the Linas-Marcoussis and Pretoria Agreements, and to report to the Council in that regard every three months.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued during July 2006.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Sanctions expiry

By paragraph 2 of its resolution 1616 (2005) of 29 July 2005, the Security Council decided to renew <u>until 31 July 2006</u> the provisions of paragraphs 20 to 22 of its resolution 1493 (2003), as amended and expanded by paragraph 1 of its resolution 1596 (2005), and reaffirmed paragraphs 2, 6, 10 and 13 to 16 of resolution 1596 (2005).

By paragraph 2 of its resolution 1649 (2005) of 21 December 2005, the Security Council decided that, for a period <u>expiring on 31 July 2006</u>, the provisions of paragraphs 13 to 16 of resolution 1596 (2005) shall extend to individuals defined by paragraphs 2(a) and 2(b) of resolution 1649 (2005), as designated by the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1533 (2004).

The sanctions will expire on 31 July 2006.

Sanctions review

By paragraph 7 of its resolution 1649 (2005) of 21 December 2005, the Security Council decided that, <u>no later</u> <u>than 31 July 2006</u>, the Council shall review the measures set out in paragraph 2 of the resolution in light of progress accomplished in the peace and transition process in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

The Security Council is expected to review the sanctions by 31 July 2006.

Expert Group mandate

By paragraph 1 of its resolution 1654 (2006) of 31 January 2006, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1533 (2004), to re-establish the Group of Experts for a period expiring on 31 July 2006.

The Group of Experts mandate will expire on 31 July 2006.

Eritrea / Ethiopia

UNMEE

By paragraph 12 of its resolution 1320 (2000) of 15 September 2000, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council closely and <u>regularly</u> <u>informed</u> of progress towards the implementation of the resolution.

The update is expected to be given to the Security Council during July 2006.

Guinea-Bissau

UNOGBIS

By paragraph 11 of its resolution 1580 (2004) of 22 December 2004, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council closely and regularly informed of developments on the ground and of the implementation of the resolution and in that regard, to submit a report to the Council <u>every three months</u> from the date of the adoption of the resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued during July 2006.

Somalia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 31 October 2001 (S/PRST/2001/30), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to submit reports, at least <u>every four months</u>, on the situation in Somalia and the efforts to promote the peace process.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 22 June 2006 (S/2006/418) is before the Security Council.

The Sudan

Darfur

By paragraph 5 of its resolution 1679 (2006) of 16 May 2006, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to submit recommendations to the Council within one week of the return of the joint African Union and United Nations assessment mission on all relevant aspects of the mandate of the United Nations operation in Darfur.

The recommendations of the Secretary-General are expected to be submitted during July 2006.

By paragraph 12 of its resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005, the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General continue to report <u>on a monthly basis</u> on the situation in Darfur.

The next monthly report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued during July 2006.

United Nations Office for West Africa

Mid-term review

By a letter dated 25 October 2004 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2004/858), the President informed the Secretary-General that members of the Council concurred with his recommendation to extend the mandate of the United Nations Office for West Africa (UNOWA) until 31 December 2007, subject to <u>a mid-term review in</u> July 2006.

The Security Council is expected to undertake a mid-term review of UNOWA during July 2006.

ASIA

Iraq and Kuwait

Return of Kuwaiti property

By paragraph 14 of resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council <u>every six months</u> on the return of all Kuwaiti property, including archives, seized by Iraq.

The report dated 21 June 2006 (S/2006/428) is before the Security Council.

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian Question

By paragraph 7 of resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000, the Security Council invited the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Council informed.

Middle East

UNIFIL

By paragraph 2 of its resolution 1655 (2006) of 31 January 2006, the Security Council decided to extend the mandate of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) until $\underline{31 July}$ 2006.

The mandate of UNIFIL will expire on 31 July 2006.

By paragraph 14 of its resolution 1655 (2006), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned on the implementation of the resolution and to report thereon to the Security Council <u>before the end of the present mandate</u> as well as on the activities of UNIFIL and the tasks presently carried out by the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO), and to include in the report an assessment of the progress made by the Government of Lebanon towards extending its sole and effective authority throughout the South.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by <u>22 July 2006</u>.

A meeting of the Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held prior to the consideration of the mandate of UNIFIL.

EUROPE

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Peace Agreement

By paragraph 6 of its resolution 1639 (2005) of 21 November 2005, the Security Council reaffirmed its intention to keep implementation of the Peace Agreement and the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina <u>under close review</u> and its readiness to consider the imposition of measures if any party failed significantly to meet its obligations under the Peace Agreement.

Georgia

UNOMIG

By paragraph 12 of its resolution 1666 (2006) of 31 March 2006, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report three months from the date of adoption of the resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 23 June 2006 (S/2006/435) is before the Security Council.

Resolutions 1160 (1998), 1199 (1998), 1203 (1998), 1239 (1999) and 1244 (1999)

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 24 October 2005 (S/PRST/2005/51), the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General provide <u>regular</u> <u>updates</u> on progress in determining Kosovo's Future Status, as defined by resolution 1244 (1999).

An update may be given to the Security Council <u>during July</u> 2006.

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 7 March 2001 (S/PRST/2001/7), the Security Council requested to be briefed regularly on the efforts undertaken by the international security presence (KFOR), the Government of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and all relevant international organizations.

Other

Note verbale dated 24 December 2003 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations to the President of the Security Council

A draft resolution (S/2003/1208) submitted by the Syrian Arab Republic is before the Council.

Children and armed conflict

By paragraph 3 of its resolution 1655 (2006) of 31 January 2006, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to implement without delay the monitoring and reporting mechanism mentioned in paragraph 2 of the resolution, taking into account the findings and recommendations of an independent review on the implementation of the mechanism to be reported to the Security Council by 31 July 2006.

The report of the Secretary-General on children and armed conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo dated 13 June 2006 (S/2006/389) is before the Security Council.

The Security Council is expected to hold a ministerial meeting on Children and Armed Conflict on 24 July 2006.

Counter-terrorism

Committee established pursuant to resolution 1267 (1999)

By paragraph 17 of its resolution 1617 (2005) of 29 July 2005, the Security Council called upon the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1267 (1999) concerning Al-Qaida and the Taliban and associated individuals and entities to provide the Security Council <u>no later than 31 July 2006</u> with an update on the actions taken by Member States to implement the measures described in paragraph 1 of the resolution.

The update of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1267 (1999) is expected to be provided by 31 July 2006.

Security Council Annual Report

The introduction to the Annual Report of the Security Council to the General Assembly customarily is drafted <u>during</u> the month of July under the aegis of the presidency.

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SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING REVIEWS OR RENEWALS OF MANDATES

Subject	Date of Review/	Council decision providing
	Expiry of Mandate/	for current mandate
	Review of Status	

UNIFIL	31 Jul. 2006	1655 (2006) of 31 Jan. 2006
MINUSTAH	15 Aug. 2006	1658 (2006) of 14 Feb. 2006
UNMIS	24 Sept. 2006	1663 (2006) of 24 Mar. 2006
MONUC	30 Sept. 2006	1635 (2005) of 28 Oct. 2005
UNMIL	30 Sept. 2006	1667 (2006) of 31 Mar. 2006
UNMEE	30 Sept. 2006	1681 (2006) of 31 May 2006
UNOMIG	15 Oct. 2006	1666 (2006) of 31 Mar. 2006
MINURSO	31 Oct. 2006	1675 (2006) of 28 Apr. 2006
UNOCI	15 Dec. 2006	1652 (2006) of 24 Jan. 2006
UNFICYP	15 Dec. 2006	1687 (2006) of 15 Jun. 2006
UNDOF	31 Dec. 2006	1685 (2006) of 13 Jun. 2006
ONUB	31 Dec. 2006	1692 (2006) of 30 Jun. 2006
UNAMA	24 Mar. 2007	1662 (2006) of 23 Mar. 2006

FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL (August 2006)

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Iraq/Kuwait (missing persons)	By 17 August 2006	Resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every four months on compliance by Iraq with its obligations regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains" (para. 14).
Sierra Leone (UNIOSIL)	By 31 August 2006	Resolution 1620 (2005) of 31 August 2005	"Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of progress with establishing the United Nations integrated office in Sierra Leone, and thereafter with the implementation of this resolution" (para. 6).
The Sudan (Darfur)	By 31 August 2006	Resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005	"Requests that the Secretary-General continue to report on a monthly basis on the situation in Darfur" (para. 12).