

31 March 2006

**TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 2006**

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

31 March 2006

**FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 2006**

AFRICA

Côte d'Ivoire

UNOCI

By paragraph 17 of its resolution 1603 (2005) of 3 June 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued during April 2006.

By paragraph 4 of its resolution 1667 (2006) of 31 March 2006, the Security Council took note of the letter of the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council dated 22 March 2006 (S/2006/184), and expressed its determination to review the tasks and the troop level of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire (UNOCI) by the end of April 2006, with a view to a decision on its reinforcement.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

MONUC

By paragraph 26 of its resolution 1565 (2004) of 1 October 2004, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep it informed regularly of developments in the situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

By paragraph 10 of its resolution 1649 (2005) of 21 December 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General, in close coordination with all relevant stakeholders, to submit to the Council for its consideration, by 15 March 2006, a comprehensive and integrated strategy for the disarmament, repatriation and resettlement of foreign combatants.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued during April 2006.

Eritrea/EthiopiaUNMEE

By its resolution 1661 (2006) of 14 March 2006, the Security Council decided to extend the mandate of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea (UNMEE) for a period of one month until 15 April 2006.

The UNMEE mandate will expire on 15 April 2006.

Sierra LeoneUNIOSIL

By paragraph 6 of its resolution 1620 (2005) of 31 August 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of progress with establishing the United Nations Integrated Office in Sierra Leone (UNIOSIL), and thereafter with the implementation of the resolution.

The Secretary-General's report is expected to be issued by 30 April 2006.

The Sudan

By paragraph 12 of its resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005, the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General continue to report on a monthly basis on the situation in Darfur.

By paragraph 4 of its resolution 1663 (2006) of 24 March 2006, the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General present to the Council by 24 April 2006 for its consideration a range of options for a United Nations operation in Darfur. By paragraph 8 of its resolution 1663 (2006), the Security Council recalled its resolution 1653 (2006) and stated that it looked forward to receiving by 24 April 2006 recommendations which would include proposals on how United Nations agencies and missions, in particular the United Nations Mission in the Sudan (UNMIS), could more effectively address the problem of the Lord's Resistance Army (LRA).

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 24 April 2006.

Western SaharaMINURSO

By paragraph 3 of its resolution 1634 (2005) of 28 October 2005, the Security Council decided to extend the mandate of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO) until 30 April 2006.

The MINURSO mandate will expire on 30 April 2006.

By paragraph 4 of its resolution 1634 (2005), the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General provide a report on the situation in the Western Sahara before the end of the mandate period.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 21 April 2006.

A meeting of the Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held prior to the consideration of the MINURSO mandate.

ASIA**Iran**Non-proliferation

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 29 March 2006 (S/PRST/2006/15), the Security Council requested in 30 days a report from the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) on the process of Iranian compliance with the steps required by the IAEA Board of Governors, to the IAEA Board of Governors and in parallel to the Security Council for its consideration.

The report of the IAEA Director General is expected by 28 April 2006.

Iraq and KuwaitKuwaiti and third country nationals

By paragraph 14 of its resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council every four months on compliance by Iraq with its obligations regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains.

An oral report pursuant to paragraph 14 of resolution 1284 (1999) will be provided by the High-level Coordinator by 17 April 2006.

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question

By paragraph 7 of resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000, the Security Council invited the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Council informed.

Middle East (Lebanon)Resolution 1559 (2004)

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 10 October 2004 (S/PRST/2004/36), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council every six months on the implementation by the parties of resolution 1559 (2004).

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 19 April 2006.

Timor-LesteUNOTIL

By paragraph 10 of its resolution 1599 (2005) of 28 April 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to submit a report every four months with recommendations for any modifications that progress in the situation might allow to size, composition, mandate and duration of the presence of the United Nations Office in Timor-Leste (UNOTIL).

By a letter dated 29 March 2006 addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2006/196), the President of the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General present by mid-April options for post-UNOTIL assistance to Timor-Leste by the United Nations, including coordination with other international actors, taking into account that peace and democracy in Timor-Leste needed to be further consolidated.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 21 April 2006.

EUROPE**Bosnia and Herzegovina**Peace Agreement

By paragraph 6 of its resolution 1639 (2005) of 21 November 2005, the Security Council reaffirmed its intention to keep implementation of the Peace Agreement and the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina under close review and its readiness to consider the imposition of measures if any party failed significantly to meet its obligations under the Peace Agreement.

By paragraph 21 of its resolution 1639 (2005), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to submit to the Council reports from the High Representative, in accordance with Annex 10 of the Peace Agreement and the conclusions of the Peace Implementation Conference held in London on 4 and 5 December 1996 (S/1996/1012), and later Peace Implementation Conferences, on the implementation of the Peace Agreement and in particular on compliance by the parties with their commitments under that Agreement.

The High Representative's next report is expected to be submitted by the Secretary-General during April 2006.

Violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 10 October 1996 (S/PRST/1996/41), the Security Council, having considered, in the light of its resolution 1034 (1995) of 21 December 1995, the current situation with regard to the investigation of violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most as well as in the areas of Glamoc, Ozren and elsewhere throughout the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, inter alia, stated that it would continue to follow the issue closely and requested the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed on progress reached in the investigation of the violations of international humanitarian law referred to in the report of the Secretary-General of 27 November 1995 (S/1995/988).

Resolutions 1160 (1998), 1199 (1998), 1203 (1998), 1239 (1999) and 1244 (1999)

UNMIK

By paragraph 20 of its resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council at regular intervals on the implementation of the resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 26 April 2006.

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 7 March 2001 (S/PRST/2001/7), the Security Council requested to be briefed regularly on the efforts undertaken by the international security presence (KFOR), the Government of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and all relevant international organizations.

Other**Note verbale dated 24 December 2003 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations to the President of the Security Council**

A draft resolution (S/2003/1208) submitted by the Syrian Arab Republic is before the Council.

Resolution 1540 (2004)

By paragraph 4 of its resolution 1540 (2004) of 28 April 2004, the Security Council decided to establish, for a period no longer than two years, a Committee which would report to the Security Council for its examination on the implementation of the resolution.

The mandate of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) will expire on 28 April 2006.

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SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING REVIEWS OR RENEWALS OF MANDATES

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Date of Review/ Expiry of Mandate/ Review of Status</u>	<u>Council decision providing for current mandate</u>
UNMEE	15 Apr. 2006	1661 (2006) of 14 Mar. 2006
MINURSO	30 Apr. 2006	1634 (2005) of 28 Oct. 2005
UNFICYP	15 Jun. 2006	1642 (2005) of 14 Dec. 2005
UNDOF	30 Jun. 2006	1648 (2005) of 21 Dec. 2005
ONUB	1 Jul. 2006	1650 (2005) of 21 Dec. 2005
UNIFIL	31 Jul. 2006	1655 (2006) of 31 Jan. 2006
MINUSTAH	15 Aug. 2006	1658 (2006) of 14 Feb. 2006
UNMIS	24 Sept. 2006	1663 (2006) of 24 Mar. 2006
MONUC	30 Sept. 2006	1635 (2005) of 28 Oct. 2005
UNMIL	30 Sept. 2006	1667 (2006) of 31 Mar. 2006
UNOMIG	15 Oct. 2006	1666 (2006) of 31 Mar. 2006
UNOCI	15 Dec. 2006	1652 (2006) of 24 Jan. 2006
UNAMA	24 Mar. 2007	1662 (2006) of 23 Mar. 2006

**FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
(May 2006)**

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
The Sudan (Darfur)	By 31 May 2006	Resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005	"Requests that the Secretary-General continue to report on a monthly basis on the situation in Darfur" (para. 12).
Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUC)	By 31 May 2006	Resolution 1621 (2005) of 28 October 2005	Requests the Secretary-General "to report to the Council before 1 June 2006 on the assessment mentioned in paragraph 47 of his special report [S/2005/320]" (para. 2).